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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/007,215	11/05/2001	Johnny R. Brezina	AUS920010763US1 4015		
75	90 04/11/2003				
Frank C. Nicholas			EXAMINER		
CARDINAL LAW GROUP Suite 2000			KIM, RICHARD H		
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Evanston, IL 6	0201		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2882		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				<i></i>
1	Application No.		Applicant(s)	.1/
•	10/007,215		BREZINA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	V -
	Richard H Kim		2882	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cove	r sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI	Y IS SET TO EX	PIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM	
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rejectified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, how ply within the statutory mid d will apply and will expire te, cause the application t	ever, may a reply be tin nimum of thirty (30) day SIX (6) MONTHS from o become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this com D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ T	his action is non-f	inal.		
Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde Disposition of Claims	vance except for for for <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>	ormal matters, pi 1935 C.D. 11, 4	rosecution as to the 153 O.G. 213.	merits is
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application	nn.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra		ation.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election require	ment.		
Application Papers	·			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 November 2001</u> is/	are: a)⊠ accepted	or b)☐ objected	to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be he	ld in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)∏ approv	ed b)⊡ disappro	oved by the Examine	•
If approved, corrected drawings are required in r		ction.		
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	gn priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
 Certified copies of the priority documer 	nts have been rece	eived.		
Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been rece	eived in Applicati	ion No	
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International B * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	Bureau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).		tage
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	stic priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional a	application).
 a) The translation of the foreign language p 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes 				
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4) 5) 2 . 6)	Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s Patent Application (PTO	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as failing to set forth the subject matter which applicant(s) regard as their invention. Specifically, the limitation on page 12, line 6, of a multiple array including at least one laser and at least one photodetector, is not disclosed in the specifications.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 5-7, 10 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giboney et al. (US 6,318,909 B1).

Referring to claims 1 and 10, Giboney et al. discloses a device comprising die carrier having a generally planar edge (see Fig. 3A, ref. 30); a multiple array lens disposed on the edge of the die carrier (see Fig 2b, ref. 59; col. 11, lines 21-21-25); at least one optical die disposed on the edge of the die carrier (see Fig. 3A, ref. 32); an input/output connector half having a generally planar surface disposed perpendicularly to the edge of the die carrier (see col. 5, lines

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22-27); a connector half having a generally planar surface disposed perpendicularly to the edge of the die carrier (see Fig. 1A, ref. 44), the connector half surface having an input/output connection (see col. 10, lines 24-29); and a circuit cable connected between the optical die and the connection (see col. 10, ref. 9-29; Fig. 1, ref. 26). However, the reference does not explicitly state that the connector is an input/output connector.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ an input/output connector in order to provide two-way connection between optical components, thereby improving the versatility of the device. Further, such a connector is well known in the art to be used as a means for connecting two electro-optical devices.

Referring to claims 5 and 14, Giboney et al. discloses that the optical die comprises a laser (see col. 5, lines 8-11).

Referring to claims 6 and 15, Giboney et al. discloses that the optical die comprises a photodetector (see col. 5, lines 8-11).

Referring to claims 7 and 16, Giboney et al. discloses a device comprising an upper and lower fiber connector portion connected to the die carrier, the upper and lower fiber connector portions being adapted to receive an optical fiber (see Fig. 3a, ref. 52 and 58).

3. Claims 2-4, 8-9, 11-13 and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Giboney et al. in view of Carden et al. (US 5,202,943).

Referring to claim 19, Giboney et al. discloses a device comprising an optical fiber (see Fig. 1A, ref. 71); a die carrier having a generally planar edge (see Fig. 3A, ref. 30); a multiple

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array lens disposed on the edge of the die carrier see (Fig 2b, ref. 59; col. 11, lines 21-21-25), die including at least one laser and at least one photodetector (see Fig. 5, ref. 5-11); a connector half having a generally planar surface disposed perpendicularly to the edge of the die carrier, the connector half surface having an input/output connection (see col. 10, lines 24-29); a circuit cable connected between the multiple array lens and the connection (see col. 10, ref. 9-29; Fig. 1, ref. 26); and an upper fiber connector portion and a lower fiber connector portion connected to the die carrier, the upper and lower fiber connector portions being adapted to receive an optical fiber (see Fig. 3a, ref. 52 and 58). However, the reference does not explicitly state that the connector is an input/output connector.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ an input/output connector in order to provide two-way connection between optical components, thereby improving the versatility of the device. Further, such a connector is well known in the art to be used as a means for connecting two electro-optical devices.

Furthermore, the reference does not disclose that the *lens array* includes at least one laser and at least one photodetector.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary in the art to have the lens array since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Japikse*, 86 USPQ 70. Moreover, Applicant has not disclosed that having lens array including at least one laser and at least one photodetector provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art furthermore, would have

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expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either having at least one laser and at least one photodetector included in the lens array or die.

Referring to claims 2-4 and 11-13, Giboney et al. discloses the device previously recited. However, the reference does not disclose that the die carrier comprises ceramic, aluminum nitride or aluminum nitride ceramic.

Carden et al. discloses a die support made of ceramic (see Fig. 7, ref. 27 and col. 5, line 64).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the carrier comprise ceramic, aluminum nitride or aluminum nitride ceramic in order to improve the durability of the device, since ceramics are known in the art to have high resistance to temperature. Further, it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416. Moreover, whether the material used is ceramic, aluminum nitride or aluminum nitride ceramic, it is the position of the examiner that the type of material used is not critical to the invention, and therefore would be obvious.

Referring to claims 8 and 17, Giboney et al. disclose the device previously recited.

However, the reference does not disclose that the upper fiber connector portion includes at least one fastener accepting hole.

Carden et al. discloses a device wherein the upper fiber connector portion includes at lest on fastener accepting hole (see Fig. 1, ref. 127, 131).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the upper fiber connector portion includes at least one fastener

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accepting hole in order to secure the device. According to Carden et al. such a modification "effects securement" (see col. 8, lines 54-55).

Referring to claims 9 and 18, Giboney et al. discloses the device previously recited.

However, the reference does not disclose that the lower portion includes at least one fastener accepting hole.

Carden et al. discloses a device wherein the upper fiber connector portion includes at lest on fastener accepting hole (see Fig. 1, ref. 127, 131).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the upper fiber connector portion includes at least one fastener accepting hole in order to secure the device. According to Carden et al. such a modification "effects securement" (see col. 8, lines 54-55). Moreover, it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Japikse*, 86 USPQ 70.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Richard H Kim whose telephone number is (703)305-4791. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert H Kim can be reached on (703)305-3492. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)308-7722 for regular communications and (703)308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0956.

Richard H Kim Examiner Art Unit 2882

RHK March 31, 2003

> DAVID V. BRUCE PRIMARY EXAMINER